

N'-(E)-1-(5-Chloro-2-hydroxyphenyl)-ethylidene]pyridine-3-carbohydrazide monohydrate

Abid Hussain,^a Zahid Shafiq,^a M. Nawaz Tahir^{b*} and Muhammad Yaqub^a

^aDepartment of Chemistry, Bahauddin Zakariya University, Multan 60800, Pakistan, and ^bDepartment of Physics, University of Sargodha, Sargodha, Pakistan

Correspondence e-mail: dmntahir_uos@yahoo.com

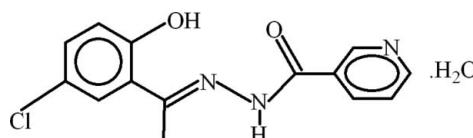
Received 26 June 2010; accepted 27 June 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 296\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.047; wR factor = 0.135; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.6.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{12}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}_2\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$, the benzene ring and the pyridine rings are oriented at a dihedral angle of $57.73(12)^\circ$ and an intramolecular $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ hydrogen bond generates an $S(6)$ ring. In the crystal, the water molecule forms $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ and $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ hydrogen bonds to the organic molecule, leading to chains containing $R_4^4(16)$ loops. In addition, weak aromatic $\pi-\pi$ stacking interactions between the centroids of pyridine rings [at distance of $3.864(2)$ and $4.013(2)\text{ \AA}$] and $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$ interactions occur.

Related literature

For background to Schiff bases and for related structures, see: Shafiq *et al.* (2009a,b); For graph-set notation, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{12}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}_2\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$
 $M_r = 307.73$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 $a = 7.1693(5)\text{ \AA}$
 $b = 7.4964(4)\text{ \AA}$
 $c = 14.5966(9)\text{ \AA}$
 $\alpha = 90.138(2)^\circ$
 $\beta = 95.835(1)^\circ$

$\gamma = 115.755(2)^\circ$
 $V = 701.94(8)\text{ \AA}^3$
 $Z = 2$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.29\text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 296\text{ K}$
 $0.28 \times 0.18 \times 0.14\text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2005)
 $T_{\min} = 0.942$, $T_{\max} = 0.959$

10105 measured reflections
2491 independent reflections
2151 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.027$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.047$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.135$
 $S = 1.17$
2491 reflections
198 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.24\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.35\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$Cg2$ is the centroid of the C1–C6 phenyl ring.

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
O1—H1 \cdots N1	0.82	1.84	2.555 (3)	144
N2—H2 \cdots O3 ⁱ	0.86	2.06	2.898 (4)	166
O3—H3A \cdots O2	0.89 (5)	1.88 (5)	2.760 (4)	171 (3)
O3—H3B \cdots N3 ⁱⁱ	0.91 (4)	2.01 (4)	2.885 (4)	161 (4)
C8—H8A \cdots Cg2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.96	2.99	3.763 (4)	139

Symmetry codes: (i) $x - 1, y, z$; (ii) $-x + 1, -y, -z + 1$; (iii) $-x, -y + 1, -z$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999) and *PLATON*.

The authors acknowledge the provision of funds for the purchase of diffractometer and encouragement by Dr Muhammad Akram Chaudhary, Vice Chancellor, University of Sargodha, Pakistan.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB5528).

References

- Bernstein, J., Davis, R. E., Shimoni, L. & Chang, N.-L. (1995). *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl.* **34**, 1555–1573.
- Bruker (2005). *SADABS*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Bruker (2009). *APEX2* and *SAINT*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Farrugia, L. J. (1997). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **30**, 565.
- Farrugia, L. J. (1999). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **32**, 837–838.
- Shafiq, Z., Yaqub, M., Tahir, M. N., Hussain, A. & Iqbal, M. S. (2009a). *Acta Cryst. E65*, o2496.
- Shafiq, Z., Yaqub, M., Tahir, M. N., Hussain, A. & Iqbal, M. S. (2009b). *Acta Cryst. E65*, o2899.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst. A64*, 112–122.
- Spek, A. L. (2009). *Acta Cryst. D65*, 148–155.

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, o1880 [doi:10.1107/S1600536810025213]

***N'*-[(E)-1-(5-Chloro-2-hydroxyphenyl)ethylidene]pyridine-3-carbohydrazide monohydrate**

A. Hussain, Z. Shafiq, M. N. Tahir and M. Yaqub

Comment

We have reported crystal structures of Schiff bases containing pyridine (Shafiq *et al.*, 2009a, 2009b) and as a part of this project, we report herein the structure and synthesis of the title compound (I, Fig. 1).

In (I) the group A (C1–C8/O1/CL1) of 5-chloro-2-hydroxyacetophenone, the central group B (N1/N2/C9/O2) and the pyridine ring C (C10—C14/N3) are planar with r. m. s. deviation of 0.0330, 0.0182 and 0.0082 Å, respectively. The dihedral angle between A/B, A/C and B/C is 6.62 (11), 58.08 (10) and 52.98 (14)°, respectively. There exist intramolecular H-bonding of O—H···N type forming an S(6) ring motif (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995). The water molecule acts as donor as well as acceptor and therefore interconnects three molecules. Due to intra as well as intermolecular H-bondings of O—H···O and O—H···N types (Table 1, Fig. 2), the title compound is stabilized in infinite one dimensional polymeric chains. In the polymeric chains R_4^4 (16) ring motifs are formed. The π – π interactions exist between the centroids of pyridine rings at distance of 3.864 (2) Å [symmetry: $-x, -y, 1 - z$] and at 4.013 (2) Å [symmetry: $1 - x, 1 - y, 1 - z$]. The C—H··· π interaction (Table 1) also plays an important role in stabilizing the structure.

Experimental

To a hot stirred solution of 5-chloro-2-hydroxyacetophenone (1.71 g, 0.01 mole) in ethanol, 25 ml nicotinic acid hydrazide (1.37 g, 0.01 mol) was added. The resultant mixture was then heated under reflux for 7–8 h. The reaction was monitored through TLC. The precipitate were formed were collected by suction filtration. The resultant crude material was dried and recrystallized in 1,4-dioxan:ethanol(1:2) to afford light brown needles of (I).

Refinement

The coordinates of H-atoms of water molecule were refined. The H-atoms were positioned geometrically (O—H = 0.82, N—H = 0.86, C—H = 0.93–0.96 Å) and refined as riding with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = xU_{\text{eq}}(\text{C, N, O})$, where $x = 1.5$ for methyl and $x = 1.2$ for all other H-atoms.

Figures

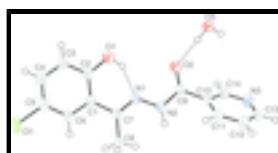


Fig. 1. View of the title compound with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level. The dotted line shows the intramolecular H-bond.

supplementary materials

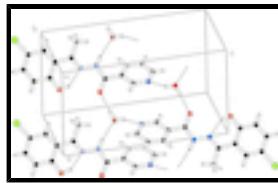


Fig. 2. The partial packing of (I), which shows that molecules form infinite one dimensional polymeric chains with different ring motifs.

***N'*-[(E)-1-(5-Chloro-2-hydroxyphenyl)ethylidene]pyridine-3-carbohydrazide monohydrate**

Crystal data

C ₁₄ H ₁₂ ClN ₃ O ₂ ·H ₂ O	Z = 2
M _r = 307.73	F(000) = 320
Triclinic, P _T	D _x = 1.456 Mg m ⁻³
Hall symbol: -P 1	Mo K α radiation, λ = 0.71073 Å
a = 7.1693 (5) Å	Cell parameters from 1770 reflections
b = 7.4964 (4) Å	θ = 2.6–28.4°
c = 14.5966 (9) Å	μ = 0.29 mm ⁻¹
α = 90.138 (2)°	T = 296 K
β = 95.835 (1)°	Needle, light brown
γ = 115.755 (2)°	0.28 × 0.18 × 0.14 mm
V = 701.94 (8) Å ³	

Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD diffractometer	2491 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube graphite	2151 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Detector resolution: 8.20 pixels mm ⁻¹	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.027$
ω scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.3^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.8^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2005)	$h = -8 \rightarrow 8$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.942$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.959$	$k = -8 \rightarrow 8$
10105 measured reflections	$l = -16 \rightarrow 17$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.047$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.135$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$S = 1.17$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0375P)^2 + 0.8617P]$
2491 reflections	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$

198 parameters $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.24 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 0 restraints $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.35 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. Bond distances, angles *etc.* have been calculated using the rounded fractional coordinates. All su's are estimated from the variances of the (full) variance-covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account in the estimation of distances, angles and torsion angles

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl1	-0.33027 (14)	0.26260 (13)	-0.24936 (5)	0.0523 (3)
O1	0.3445 (3)	0.2717 (4)	0.01706 (15)	0.0491 (8)
O2	0.4191 (3)	0.2364 (4)	0.25756 (15)	0.0544 (8)
N1	0.1131 (3)	0.2425 (3)	0.14368 (15)	0.0338 (7)
N2	0.0986 (4)	0.2273 (4)	0.23701 (15)	0.0347 (7)
N3	0.2974 (4)	0.0892 (5)	0.53373 (18)	0.0523 (10)
C1	-0.0064 (4)	0.2462 (4)	-0.01053 (18)	0.0311 (8)
C2	0.1854 (4)	0.2739 (4)	-0.04006 (19)	0.0365 (9)
C3	0.2156 (5)	0.3040 (5)	-0.1323 (2)	0.0505 (11)
C4	0.0595 (6)	0.3026 (5)	-0.1958 (2)	0.0502 (11)
C5	-0.1289 (5)	0.2703 (4)	-0.16794 (19)	0.0391 (9)
C6	-0.1630 (4)	0.2451 (4)	-0.07681 (19)	0.0347 (8)
C7	-0.0461 (4)	0.2199 (4)	0.08716 (18)	0.0306 (8)
C8	-0.2576 (5)	0.1709 (6)	0.1141 (2)	0.0476 (10)
C9	0.2671 (4)	0.2336 (4)	0.28988 (19)	0.0343 (9)
C10	0.2551 (4)	0.2337 (4)	0.39173 (18)	0.0341 (9)
C11	0.2132 (4)	0.3709 (5)	0.4384 (2)	0.0398 (9)
C12	0.2188 (5)	0.3679 (5)	0.5328 (2)	0.0500 (11)
C13	0.2599 (5)	0.2246 (6)	0.5769 (2)	0.0537 (13)
C14	0.2966 (5)	0.0971 (5)	0.4425 (2)	0.0421 (10)
O3	0.7770 (3)	0.2277 (4)	0.34221 (16)	0.0478 (8)
H1	0.31433	0.26059	0.07012	0.0736*
H2	-0.01187	0.21446	0.26025	0.0416*
H3	0.34320	0.32529	-0.15140	0.0608*
H4	0.08174	0.32343	-0.25733	0.0605*
H6	-0.29067	0.22721	-0.05904	0.0416*
H8A	-0.27145	0.29111	0.12362	0.0715*
H8B	-0.27573	0.10118	0.17002	0.0715*
H8C	-0.36158	0.08889	0.06588	0.0715*
H11	0.18180	0.46339	0.40644	0.0478*
H12	0.19538	0.46062	0.56616	0.0598*

supplementary materials

H13	0.26161	0.22236	0.64064	0.0645*
H14	0.32550	0.00545	0.41125	0.0505*
H3A	0.657 (6)	0.217 (5)	0.314 (3)	0.0574*
H3B	0.735 (6)	0.139 (5)	0.387 (3)	0.0574*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cl1	0.0600 (5)	0.0632 (5)	0.0309 (4)	0.0269 (4)	-0.0066 (3)	0.0055 (3)
O1	0.0391 (12)	0.0743 (16)	0.0436 (12)	0.0329 (12)	0.0093 (10)	0.0112 (12)
O2	0.0426 (12)	0.1011 (19)	0.0355 (12)	0.0456 (13)	0.0069 (10)	0.0129 (12)
N1	0.0346 (12)	0.0435 (14)	0.0252 (12)	0.0192 (11)	0.0011 (9)	0.0024 (10)
N2	0.0313 (12)	0.0509 (14)	0.0248 (12)	0.0209 (11)	0.0026 (9)	0.0032 (10)
N3	0.0568 (17)	0.079 (2)	0.0347 (14)	0.0416 (16)	0.0083 (12)	0.0156 (14)
C1	0.0344 (14)	0.0286 (14)	0.0287 (14)	0.0127 (12)	0.0015 (11)	0.0001 (11)
C2	0.0393 (16)	0.0394 (16)	0.0347 (15)	0.0204 (13)	0.0056 (12)	0.0032 (12)
C3	0.0509 (19)	0.069 (2)	0.0438 (18)	0.0342 (18)	0.0205 (15)	0.0110 (16)
C4	0.067 (2)	0.063 (2)	0.0297 (16)	0.0352 (19)	0.0135 (15)	0.0081 (14)
C5	0.0493 (18)	0.0391 (16)	0.0281 (14)	0.0199 (14)	-0.0012 (12)	0.0013 (12)
C6	0.0338 (14)	0.0366 (15)	0.0316 (15)	0.0141 (12)	0.0012 (11)	0.0001 (12)
C7	0.0314 (14)	0.0326 (14)	0.0282 (14)	0.0148 (12)	0.0015 (11)	0.0004 (11)
C8	0.0356 (16)	0.079 (2)	0.0296 (15)	0.0264 (16)	0.0031 (12)	0.0055 (15)
C9	0.0307 (14)	0.0450 (17)	0.0301 (14)	0.0197 (13)	0.0014 (11)	0.0039 (12)
C10	0.0270 (13)	0.0469 (17)	0.0267 (14)	0.0153 (12)	-0.0004 (11)	0.0020 (12)
C11	0.0356 (15)	0.0473 (17)	0.0368 (16)	0.0192 (14)	0.0000 (12)	0.0014 (13)
C12	0.0470 (18)	0.068 (2)	0.0382 (17)	0.0284 (17)	0.0032 (14)	-0.0074 (16)
C13	0.053 (2)	0.092 (3)	0.0261 (16)	0.041 (2)	0.0038 (14)	0.0042 (16)
C14	0.0458 (17)	0.057 (2)	0.0322 (16)	0.0302 (16)	0.0057 (13)	0.0064 (14)
O3	0.0364 (12)	0.0757 (17)	0.0380 (12)	0.0304 (12)	0.0052 (9)	0.0118 (11)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

Cl1—C5	1.755 (4)	C5—C6	1.376 (4)
O1—C2	1.349 (4)	C7—C8	1.492 (5)
O2—C9	1.223 (4)	C9—C10	1.498 (4)
O1—H1	0.8200	C10—C11	1.385 (4)
O3—H3A	0.89 (5)	C10—C14	1.382 (4)
O3—H3B	0.91 (4)	C11—C12	1.375 (4)
N1—N2	1.378 (3)	C12—C13	1.377 (5)
N1—C7	1.285 (4)	C3—H3	0.9300
N2—C9	1.348 (4)	C4—H4	0.9300
N3—C14	1.333 (4)	C6—H6	0.9300
N3—C13	1.330 (5)	C8—H8C	0.9600
N2—H2	0.8600	C8—H8A	0.9600
C1—C7	1.479 (4)	C8—H8B	0.9600
C1—C6	1.403 (4)	C11—H11	0.9300
C1—C2	1.412 (4)	C12—H12	0.9300
C2—C3	1.389 (4)	C13—H13	0.9300
C3—C4	1.375 (5)	C14—H14	0.9300

C4—C5	1.370 (6)		
C2—O1—H1	109.00	C9—C10—C14	119.0 (3)
H3A—O3—H3B	102 (4)	C9—C10—C11	122.9 (3)
N2—N1—C7	120.6 (3)	C10—C11—C12	118.8 (3)
N1—N2—C9	116.3 (3)	C11—C12—C13	118.5 (3)
C13—N3—C14	116.9 (3)	N3—C13—C12	123.9 (3)
N1—N2—H2	122.00	N3—C14—C10	123.7 (3)
C9—N2—H2	122.00	C2—C3—H3	120.00
C2—C1—C6	118.2 (2)	C4—C3—H3	120.00
C2—C1—C7	122.3 (3)	C5—C4—H4	120.00
C6—C1—C7	119.5 (3)	C3—C4—H4	120.00
C1—C2—C3	119.6 (3)	C1—C6—H6	120.00
O1—C2—C3	117.1 (3)	C5—C6—H6	120.00
O1—C2—C1	123.3 (3)	C7—C8—H8B	109.00
C2—C3—C4	120.9 (3)	C7—C8—H8C	109.00
C3—C4—C5	119.7 (3)	H8A—C8—H8B	110.00
Cl1—C5—C6	119.2 (3)	H8A—C8—H8C	109.00
Cl1—C5—C4	119.7 (2)	H8B—C8—H8C	109.00
C4—C5—C6	121.1 (3)	C7—C8—H8A	109.00
C1—C6—C5	120.4 (3)	C10—C11—H11	121.00
N1—C7—C8	124.7 (2)	C12—C11—H11	121.00
C1—C7—C8	120.6 (3)	C13—C12—H12	121.00
N1—C7—C1	114.7 (3)	C11—C12—H12	121.00
O2—C9—N2	122.8 (3)	N3—C13—H13	118.00
O2—C9—C10	121.7 (3)	C12—C13—H13	118.00
N2—C9—C10	115.5 (3)	N3—C14—H14	118.00
C11—C10—C14	118.1 (3)	C10—C14—H14	118.00
C7—N1—N2—C9	173.6 (3)	O1—C2—C3—C4	178.1 (3)
N2—N1—C7—C1	178.2 (2)	C1—C2—C3—C4	-1.5 (5)
N2—N1—C7—C8	-1.8 (4)	C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.3 (5)
N1—N2—C9—O2	-5.8 (4)	C3—C4—C5—Cl1	-178.5 (3)
N1—N2—C9—C10	175.2 (2)	C3—C4—C5—C6	2.0 (5)
C14—N3—C13—C12	0.8 (6)	Cl1—C5—C6—C1	178.6 (2)
C13—N3—C14—C10	-1.4 (6)	C4—C5—C6—C1	-1.9 (4)
C6—C1—C2—O1	-178.0 (3)	O2—C9—C10—C11	126.3 (3)
C6—C1—C2—C3	1.6 (4)	O2—C9—C10—C14	-50.7 (4)
C7—C1—C2—O1	2.4 (4)	N2—C9—C10—C11	-54.6 (4)
C7—C1—C2—C3	-178.0 (3)	N2—C9—C10—C14	128.4 (3)
C2—C1—C6—C5	0.1 (4)	C9—C10—C11—C12	-175.7 (3)
C7—C1—C6—C5	179.7 (3)	C14—C10—C11—C12	1.3 (5)
C2—C1—C7—N1	6.1 (4)	C9—C10—C14—N3	177.6 (3)
C2—C1—C7—C8	-173.9 (3)	C11—C10—C14—N3	0.4 (5)
C6—C1—C7—N1	-173.5 (2)	C10—C11—C12—C13	-1.9 (5)
C6—C1—C7—C8	6.6 (4)	C11—C12—C13—N3	0.9 (6)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

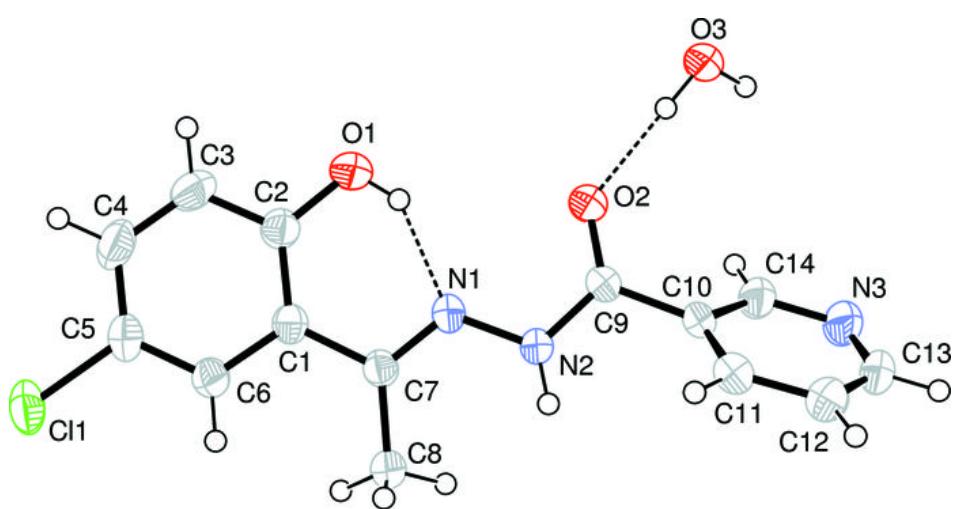
Cg2 is the centroid of the C1—C6 phenyl ring.

supplementary materials

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
O1—H1···N1	0.82	1.84	2.555 (3)	144
N2—H2···O3 ⁱ	0.86	2.06	2.898 (4)	166
O3—H3A···O2	0.89 (5)	1.88 (5)	2.760 (4)	171 (3)
O3—H3B···N3 ⁱⁱ	0.91 (4)	2.01 (4)	2.885 (4)	161 (4)
C8—H8A···Cg2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.96	2.99	3.763 (4)	139

Symmetry codes: (i) $x-1, y, z$; (ii) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$; (iii) $-x, -y+1, -z$.

Fig. 1



supplementary materials

Fig. 2

